Chapter 13
1. What is a morpheme and how do you know when you have one? How does one determine which vowels and consonants constitute the basic shape of a given morpheme?

2. Here are some extra words to practice making divisions on:

обогатиться       забыть
здравствуйте       обоепольный
пролететь         пролетарий
производительность слойстый
семей             семейство
семейство         взять

Chapter 14
1. Note that you have a list of roots in Russian in the back of the Townsend book. He also lists all the other derivational morphemes in the text.

2. Can you name all the possible/actual shapes of Russian roots?

3. Define the terms *derivational* and *inflectional*. Which are prefixes? Note that inflectional suffixes can also be called *endings*. I personally prefer the latter term. Do you? Why or why not?

4. What is the *base* or *stem* of a word?

5. There is a term which subsumes both *prefixes* and *suffixes*. Do you know it?

6. Here are some extra exercises:

{stojlát}       {yozlí}       {lésl#{}     {póstl#{}      
estil#}       {stojlít}       (yozlíšš)       {jeslá}       {postlí}       
estolvój}        (módlá)        (modlolvój)