

Feb. 11, 2009

Homework # 3 (Math 529)

Problem 1 / Show that

$$\int_0^1 \sin(mx) \sin(nx) dx = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{when } m \neq n \\ \frac{1}{2} & \text{when } m = n. \end{cases}$$

Problem 2 / Transform the PDE

$$\begin{aligned} u_t &= u_{xx} & 0 < x < 1, \quad 0 < t < \infty \\ \begin{cases} u(0, t) = 0 \\ u(1, t) = 1 \end{cases} & & 0 < t < \infty \\ u(x, 0) &= x^2 & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \end{aligned}$$

to a PDE with zero boundary conditions. Then solve the homogeneous problem.

Problem 3 / Solve the 1<sup>st</sup> order PDE

$$\begin{aligned} u_t + u_x &= 0 & -\infty < x < \infty, \quad t > 0 \\ u(x, 0) &= \cos x & x \in \mathbb{R} \end{aligned}$$

and graph the solution for a few different 't' values.

Problem 4 / Solve the first order PDE

$$\begin{aligned} x u_x + t u_t + 2u &= 0 & x \in \mathbb{R}, \quad \text{Note } \boxed{t > 1} \\ u(x, 1) &= \sin x & x \in \mathbb{R} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 5/ Solve the following non-homogeneous heat equation IBVP by the eigenfunction expansion method:

$$u_t = u_{xx} + \sin(\pi x) \quad 0 < x < 1, \quad t > 0$$

$$\text{B.C.} \quad \begin{cases} u(0, t) = 0 \\ u(1, t) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{I.C.} \quad u(x, 0) = 1$$