

Alveolar/alveo-palatal obstruents in Japanese, part (II)

- Consider the data in this handout. What should we conclude about the distribution of the alveolar and alveo-palatal obstruents now? Should we revise our analysis from Part I? Why or why not?

(4) Sino-Japanese examples (borrowed from Chinese centuries ago)

(a)	[d͡zama]	‘impediment’	[d͡zosei]	‘woman’
	[d͡zɯ:ɕo]	‘address’		
(b)	[ɕakai]	‘society’	[ɕo:bai]	‘business’
	[ɕɯ:matsɯ]	‘weekend’		
(c)	[t͡ɕa]	‘tea’	[t͡ɕo:me]	‘city block’
	[t͡ɕɯ:mon]	‘order’		

(5) Recent loanwords from Western languages

(a)	[d͡zɯ:sɯ]	‘juice’	[d͡zesut͡ɕa:]	‘gesture’
	[d͡zo:kɯ]	‘joke’	[d͡za:d͡zi:]	‘jersey’
(b)	[ɕeru]	‘Shell (Oil)’	[ɕa:pɯ]	‘mechanical pencil’
	[ɕo:]	‘show’	[ɕɯ:kuɾi:mɯ]	‘cream puff’
(c)	[kant͡so:ne]	‘canzone’	[t͡set͡se-bae]	‘tsetse fly’
	[t͡sa:ri]	‘tsar’	[t͡ɕesɯ]	‘chess’
	[t͡ɕokore:to]	‘chocolate’	[ti:]	‘tea’