

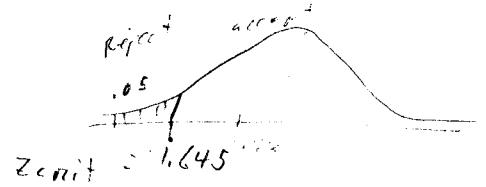
8.1 - 8.3

11 on the last page

4 a-b) $H_0: \mu = 84$ $H_A: \mu < 84$

c) $\alpha = .05$

d) at $\alpha = .05$ with a one sided test



$$z_{obs} = \frac{83.8 - 84}{2.9/\sqrt{40}} = -1.436 \quad z_{obs} < z_{crit} \text{ fail to reject } H_0$$

8 $H_0: \mu = 3$
 $H_A: \mu > 3$

one-tailed test

$$z_{crit} = 1.645$$

$$z_{obs} = \frac{3.18 - 3}{\sqrt{\frac{.01}{12}}} = 1.361$$

$z_{obs} < z_{crit}$ fail to reject H_0

12 a-c) $H_0: \mu = 4.8$ $H_A: \mu > 4.8$

need to see the #

d) $\alpha = .01$ is the prob of falsely rejecting H_0 , of showing that the company is operating at an acceptable level when in fact $\mu = 4.8$

e) $z_{crit} = 2.33$ so rejection region $t > 2.33$

f) $z_{obs} = \frac{4.87 - 4.8}{2.9/\sqrt{80}} = .16 \quad z_{obs} < z_{crit}$ fail to reject H_0 - evidence does not suggest that average profits are greater than 4.8%

15 $H_0: \mu = 44.7$ $H_A: \mu \neq 44.7$
 $t_{obs} = \frac{45.273 - 44.7}{1.199/\sqrt{20}} = 2.62$ $df = 19$ $\alpha = .05$ two-sided test
 $z_{\alpha/2} = 2.045$

$t_{obs} > t_{crit}$ reject H_0 - we can reasonably say the mean is not 44.7

78 a) \bar{x} is normally distributed (assured by CLT if $n \geq 30$)

b) σ is unknown, n is large, so that a good approximation to σ can be used

81 b) $H_0: \mu = 23.20$ $\alpha = .01$ $n = 40$ large enough sample
 $H_A: \mu < 23.20$ $z_{\alpha} = -2.326$

$$z_{obs} = \frac{21.2 - 23.2}{4.5/\sqrt{40}} = -2.811$$

$z_{obs} > z_{crit}$ - reject H_0 that there would be 23.20 with our sample
 / so we would say the company is paying inferior wages

100 $H_0: \mu = 48,000$ $n = 12$ so not large enough to use z distribution
 $H_A: \mu > 48,000$ d.f. = $12 - 1 = 11$ one-sided test with $\alpha = .05$

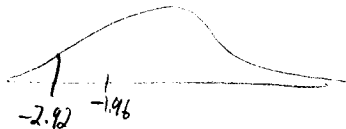
$$t_{crit} = 1.796 \quad t_{obs} = \frac{51,102 - 48,000}{5127/\sqrt{12}} = 2.096$$

$t_{obs} > t_{crit}$ reject H_0 - there is something abnormal here

120 a) $n = 3$ $\bar{y} = 2.43$ $s^2 = \frac{(2.5 - 2.43)^2 + (1.9 - 2.43)^2 + (2.9 - 2.43)^2}{2} = .253$
 $s = .503$

$H_0: \mu = 3$ d.f. = 2 use t $\alpha = .05$ one-sided $t_{crit} = 2.92$

$H_A: \mu < 3$ $t_{obs} = \frac{2.43 - 3}{.503/\sqrt{3}} = -1.96$



fail to reject H_0 - insufficient evidence to conclude the average is less than 3

b) $2.433 \pm 2.92 \sqrt{\frac{.2533}{3}}$ $2.433 \pm .844$

$t_{\alpha/2} = 2.92$
 $df = 2$

11. a-b) $H_0: \mu = 19$ $H_1: \mu > 19$

c) $\alpha = .05$ d.f. = $3 - 1 = 2$ $t_{.05} = 2.92$

d) $\bar{x} = \frac{22 + 12 + 31}{3} = 21.667$ $s^2 = \frac{(22 - 21.667)^2 + (12 - 21.667)^2 + (31 - 21.667)^2}{2} = 96.333$

$s = 9.5$

$t_{obs} = \frac{21.667 - 19}{\frac{9.5}{\sqrt{3}}} = 1.486$

$t_{crit} > t_{obs}$

fail to reject H_0

there is insufficient evidence to indicate μ is greater than 19