

Chapter 13

1. What's a morpheme and how do you know when you have one? How does one determine which vowels and consonants constitute the basic shape of a given morpheme?
2. Here are some extra words to practice making divisions on:

обога́титься

забы́ть

здрáвствуйте

обоепóлый

пролетéть

пролетáрий

производíteльность

слои́стый

семьёй

семéй

семéйство

взять

Chapter 14

1. Note that you have a list of roots in Russian in the back of the Townsend book. He also lists all the other derivational morphemes in the text.
2. Can you name all the possible/actual shapes of Russian roots?
3. Define the terms *derivational* and *inflectional*. Which are prefixes? Note that inflectional suffixes can also be called *endings*. I personally prefer the latter term. Do you? Why or why not?
4. What is the *base* or *stem* of a word?
5. There is a term which subsumes both *prefixes* and *suffixes*. Do you know it?
6. Here are some extra exercises:

{stoj|át}

{voz|ú}

{|és|#}

{póst|#}

{stoj|ít}

{voz|_óš}

{|es|á}

{post|í}

{stó|jit}

{mód|a}

{mòd|o|vój}