

**Math 522 - Spring 09**  
**Homework set 9 due March 26, 2009**

1. Let  $R \subset \mathbb{R}^2$  be a rectangle and suppose  $B \subset \text{interior}(R)$  is a figure. Let  $f : B \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be bounded and define  $\tilde{f} : R \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by  $\begin{cases} \tilde{f} = f \text{ on } B \\ \tilde{f} = 0 \text{ on } R \setminus B \end{cases}$ . Show that  $\tilde{f}$  is integrable on  $R \Leftrightarrow f$  is integrable on  $B$ , and the two integrals are equal. (A similar statement is true in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ )

2. Suppose  $g : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and  $h : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are continuous functions such that  $g(x) \leq h(x)$  for all  $x$  and let  $F = \{(x, y) : a \leq x \leq b, g(x) \leq y \leq h(x)\}$ . By the result of an earlier HW problem we know  $F$  is a figure. Suppose  $f : F \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is bounded and integrable on  $F$ . Suppose also that for each  $x$ ,  $f(x, y)$  is integrable on  $\{y : g(x) \leq y \leq h(x)\}$ . Let  $\phi(x) := \int_{g(x)}^{h(x)} f(x, y) dy$ . Show that  $\phi$  is integrable on  $[a, b]$  and that

$$(1) \quad \int_F f dV_2 = \int_a^b \phi(x) dx.$$

(A similar statement is true for higher dimensional integrals.)

3. Let  $C$  be a closed cube in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and suppose  $f : C \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is bounded. Suppose also that  $f$  is continuous at all but finitely many points of  $\text{interior}(C)$ . Show that  $f$  is integrable on  $C$ . (Clearly, more general domains and sets of discontinuities - e.g., a finite union of line segments, when  $n > 1$  - can be allowed.)

From the text:

p. 209 #1 (note; the author's hint, given below Theorem 8.9, is not quite right), and #7.

Read: Theorem 8.12 and its proof.